MODULE 5. - SYLLABUS

MODULE 5. DIGITAL TECHNIQUES ELECTRONIC INSTRUMENT SYSTEMS		LEVEL						
		B1.1	B1.2					
	Α	B1.3	B1.4	B2	В3			
5.1 Electronic Instrument Systems	1	2	2	3	1			
Typical systems arrangements and cockpit layout of electronic			á.		Y			
instrument systems.	•	- 1			-			
					,			
5.2 Numbering Systems	-	1	-	2	-			
Numbering systems: binary, octal and hexadecimal;								
Demonstration of conversions between the decimal and binary, octal								
and hexadecimal systems and vice versa.								
5.3 Data Conversion	_	1	_	2	_			
Analogue Data, Digita <mark>l D</mark> ata;								
Operation and application of analogue to digital, and digital to								
analogue converters, inputs and outputs, limitations of various types.								
		\	.					
5.4 Data Buses	-	2	_	2	-			
Operation of data buses in aircraft systems, including knowledge of								
ARINC and other specifications.								
5.5 Logic Circuits			/					
(a)	-	2	-	2	1			
Identification of common logic gate symbols, tables and equivalent			_					
circuits;	1.6	70	D	- 1	ν.			
Applications used for aircraft systems, schematic diagrams.					ъ.			
(b)Interpretation of logic diagrams.	_	_	-	2	_			
		18						
5.6 Basic Computer Structure	12	1 (8						
(a)	1	2-	39/_	_	_			
Computer terminology (including bit, byte, software, hardware, CPU,								
IC, and various memory devices such as RAM, ROM, PROM);	P	AP	E R	TP	J			
Computer technology (as applied in aircraft systems).								
(b)	-	_		2	_			
Computer related terminology;	4	-						
Operation, layout and interface of the major components in a micro	\nearrow	- /			7			
computer including their associated bus systems;				n (.	/)			
Information contained in single and multi address instruction words;								

MODULE 5. DIGITAL TECHNIQUES ELECTRONIC INSTRUMENT SYSTEMS	LEVEL					
	Α	B1.1 B1.3	B1.2 B1.4	B2	В3	
Memory associated terms;						
Operation of typical memory devices;						
Operation, advantages and disadvantages of the various data storage						
systems.						
5.7 Microprocessors	-	-		2	\a	
Functions performed and overall operation of a microprocessor;	4				_ل	
Basic operation of each of the following microprocessor elements:	\overline{A}	7			7	
control and processing unit, clock, register, arithmetic logic unit.						
5.8 Integrated Circuits	_	_	_	2	_	
Operation and use of encoders and decoders						
Function of encoder types						
Uses of medium, large <mark>and</mark> very large scale integration.						
5.9 Multiplexing				2	_	
Operation, application and identification in logic diagrams of				_	_	
multiplexers and demultiplexers.			\			
multiplexers and demultiplexers.		1				
5.10 Fibre Optics	-	1	1	2	-	
Advantages and disadvantages of fibre optic data transmission over						
electrical wire pro <mark>p</mark> agation;			- /			
Fibre optic data bus;			/			
Fibre optic related terms;						
Terminations;		2/1	D		7	
Couplers, control terminals, remote terminals;	-	$^{\prime} H$	r	= I	۲.	
Application of fibre optics in aircraft systems.	_					
5.11 Electronic Displays	4110	2	1	2	1	
Principles of operation of common types of displays used in modern	1 4	(//	o)			
aircraft, including		2	==			
Cathode Ray Tubes, Light Emitting Diodes and Liquid	70	A 70			v	
Crystal Display.	P.	AP.	EK	11.	N	
5.12 Electrostatic Sensitive Devices	1	2	A 2	2	1	
Special handling of components sensitive to electrostatic discharges;	1					
Awareness of risks and possible damage, component and personnel					压	
anti-static protection devices.				0	/	
5.13 Software Management Control	_	2	1	2	1	
Awareness of restrictions, airworthiness requirements and possible						
catastrophic effects of unapproved changes to software programmes.						

MODULE 5. DIGITAL TECHNIQUES ELECTRONIC INSTRUMENT SYSTEMS	LEVEL					
	Α	B1.1 B1.3	B1.2 B1.4	B2	В3	
5.14 Electromagnetic Environment	-	2	2	2	1	
Influence of the following phenomena on maintenance practices for electronic system:						
EMC-Electromagnetic Compatibility						
EMI-Electromagnetic Interference						
HIRF-High Intensity Radiated Field				-(V	
Lightning/lightning protection	×	7	7		۴	
5.15 Typical Electronic/Digital Aircraft Systems	-	2	2	2	1	
General arrangement of typical electronic/digital aircraft systems and						
associated BITE(Built In Test Equipment) testing such as:						
(a) For B1 and B2 only:						
ACARS-ARINC Communication and Addressing and Reporting System						
EICAS-Engine Indication and Crew Alerting System						
FBW-Fly by Wire						
FMS-Flight Management System			Α			
IRS-Inertial reference system						
(b) For B1, B2 and B3:		\				
ECAM-Electronic Centralised Aircraft Monitoring		\ \				
EFIS-Electronic Flight Instrument System		1				
GPS-Global Positioning System						
TCAS-Traffic Collis <mark>s</mark> ion Avoidance system						
Integrated modula <mark>r</mark> Avionica			1			
Cabin System Information						
system						

